Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2018

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Marvella Metropolitan District Arapahoe County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Marvella Metropolitan District (the District), Arapahoe County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Marvella Metropolitan District, Arapahoe County, Colorado, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund, and Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected were presented for the purpose of additional analysis and was not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund, and Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information – Unaudited as listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Hiratsuka & Associates, LLP

September 20, 2019 Wheat Ridge, Colorado

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018

ASSETS	9	<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Projects		<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Cash and investments	\$	85	\$	_	\$	_	\$	85	\$ -	\$ 85
Cash and investments - restricted	Ψ	6,002	Ψ	434,130	Ψ	105	Ψ	440,237	ψ - -	440,237
Receivable - County Treasurer		- 0,002		906		-		906	_	906
Property taxes receivable		165,282		196,765		_		362,047	_	362,047
Developer receivable		3,625		-		_		3,625	(3,625)	-
Prepaid expenses		350		4,585		_		4,935	(3,023)	4,935
Capital assets not being depreciated									5,339,682	5,339,682
Total Assets	\$	175,344	\$	636,386	\$	105	\$	811,835	5,336,057	6,147,892
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	10,062	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,062	_	10,062
Accrued interest	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ		520,457	520,457
Long-term liabilities:									020,.07	020,.07
Due in more than one year		_	_	<u>-</u>					7,177,160	7,177,160
Total Liabilities		10,062	_					10,062	7,697,617	7,707,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred property taxes	_	165,282		196,765			_	362,047		362,047
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		165,282	_	196,765				362,047		362,047
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION Fund Balances: Nonspendable:										
Prepaids		350		4,585		-		4,935	(4,935)	-
Restricted:										
Emergencies		6,002		-		-		6,002	(6,002)	-
Debt service		-		435,036		-		435,036	(435,036)	-
Capital projects		-		-		105		105	(105)	-
Unassigned	_	(6,352)	_				_	(6,352)	6,352	
Total Fund Balances		<u>-</u> ,	_	439,621		105	_	439,726	(439,726)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	175,344	\$	636,386	\$	105	\$	811,835		
Net Position: Restricted for:										
Emergencies									6,002	6,002
Debt service									(85,421)	(85,421)
Capital projects									105	105
Unrestricted									(1,842,520)	(1,842,520)
Total Net Position									\$(1,921,834)	\$(1,921,834)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ${\bf GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Projects		<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES										
Accounting and audit	\$	12,707	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,707	\$ -	\$ 12,707
Election expense		1,256		-		-		1,256	-	1,256
Insurance		2,923		-		-		2,923	-	2,923
Legal		22,522		-		-		22,522	-	22,522
Management fees		22,766		-		-		22,766	-	22,766
Miscellaneous expenses		1,443		-		-		1,443	-	1,443
Landscape maintenance		44,684		-		-		44,684	-	44,684
Pool maintenance		20,670		-		-		20,670	-	20,670
Snow removal		2,277		-		-		2,277	-	2,277
Trash removal		5,068		-		-		5,068	-	5,068
Utilities		21,990		-		-		21,990	-	21,990
Treasurer's fees		1,916		2,282		-		4,198	-	4,198
Bond interest expense		-		216,531		-		216,531	55,000	271,531
Trustee fees		-		5,500		-		5,500	-	5,500
Interest on developer advances	_				_		_		181,281	181,281
Total Expenditures		160,222		224,313	_	<u> </u>		384,535	236,281	620,816
GENERAL REVENUES										
Property taxes		127,740		152,072		-		279,812	-	279,812
Specific ownership taxes		9,283		11,051		-		20,334	-	20,334
Interest income	_	1,074		6,097	_		_	7,171		7,171
Total General Revenues	_	138,097		169,220	_		_	307,317		307,317
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(22 125)		(55,002)				(77.219)	(226 201)	(212 400)
OVER EXPENDITURES		(22,125)		(55,093)		-		(77,218)	(236,281)	(313,499)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Developer advances	_	22,125	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	22,125	(22,125)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		22,125	_		_	<u>-</u>		22,125	(22,125)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-		(55,093)		-		(55,093)	55,093	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION									(313,499)	(313,499)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:										
BEGINNING OF YEAR				494,714		105		494,819	(2,103,154)	(1,608,335)
END OF YEAR	\$		\$	439,621	\$	105	\$	439,726	\$ (2,361,560)	
END OF TEAK	Φ		Ψ	737,021	Ψ	103	Ψ	737,120	Ψ (2,301,300)	ψ (1,721,034)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original & Fii <u>Budget</u>	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)	
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 127,74		\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	7,66		1,619
Interest income		1,074	1,074
Total Revenues	135,40	138,097	2,693
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting and audit	9,50	0 12,707	(3,207)
Election expense	5,00	0 1,256	3,744
Insurance	3,500	0 2,923	577
Legal	30,000	0 22,522	7,478
Management fees	25,000	0 22,766	2,234
Miscellaneous expenses	500	0 1,443	(943)
Landscape maintenance	27,00	0 44,684	(17,684)
Pool maintenance	20,00	0 20,670	(670)
Snow removal	15,000	0 2,277	12,723
Trash removal	5,000	5,068	(68)
Utilities	15,000	0 21,990	(6,990)
Equipment repair and maintenance	5,000	0 -	5,000
Maintenance reserve	6,00	0 -	6,000
Treasurer's fees	1,91	6 1,916	-
Contingency	1,93	-	1,936
Emergency reserve	5,052	<u>-</u>	5,052
Total Expenditures	175,40	4 160,222	15,182
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(40,00	0) (22,125)	17,875
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer advances	40,00	0 22,125	(17,875)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,00	0 22,125	(17,875)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			-
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR			-
END OF YEAR	\$	- \$ -	\$ -
		= =====	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Marvella Metropolitan District ("District"), located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

<u>Definition of Reporting Entity</u>

The District was organized on January 5, 2007, as Verona Estates Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District No. 1"), as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District and Verona Estates Metropolitan District No. 2 ("District No. 2" and with District No. 1 the "Districts") operate pursuant to a service plan approved by the City of Centennial (the "City") on September 6, 2006 (the "Original Service Plan"). The Districts were established to provide for the construction and completion of a part or all of the public improvements for the use and benefit of the residents and property owners within the service area. District No. 1 was established to be the Operating District with the authority to coordinate the financing, construction, operations and maintenance of all Public Improvements. District No. 2 was established to be the Taxing District and encompass residential development. On October 5, 2015, the City approved the First Amendment to the Service Plan (the "First Amendment to Service Plan" and with the Original Service Plan, the "Service Plan") reflecting, among other things, an increase in the total debt limit from \$4,000,000 to \$6,000,000 (see Note 4), dissolution of District No. 2, inclusion of 17.06 acres of property previously located within District No. 2 into District No. 1, and the name change from Verona Estates Metropolitan District No. 1 to Marvella Metropolitan District. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

The District amended its total appropriations in the Debt Service Fund from \$221,312 to \$250,000 due to an increase in the costs associated with the Trustee for the Series 2016 A Bonds and the Series 2016 B Bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2018, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The Nonspendable Fund Balance in the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund relate to prepaid expenses.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$6,002 of the General Fund balance has been reserved in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$435,036 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2016A Bonds (see Note 4).

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$105 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows or resources related to those assets. As of December 31, 2018, the District had no amount to report in this category.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: <u>Cash</u>

As of December 31, 2018, cash is classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$	85
Cash and investments - restricted	4	40,237
Total	\$ <u>4</u> 4	40,322

Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2018, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,189
COLOTRUST	1,685
Fidelity Treasury Fund	437,448
Total	\$ <u>440,322</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value for COLOTRUST is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share and the investment value for Fidelity Treasury Fund is calculated using the amortized cost method.

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Fidelity Investments Money Market Treasury Portfolio - Class III Fund

During 2018, the District's funds that were included in the trust accounts at the UMB Bank were invested in the Fidelity Investments Money Market Treasury Portfolio – Class III Fund. This fund is a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fund is AAAm rated and invests exclusively in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. The maturity of the underlying securities is 397 days or less. As of December 31, 2018, the District has \$437,448 invested in the fund, all of which was restricted for the repayment of bond principal and interest.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint ventures established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. The trusts operate similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to the trusts. Substantially all securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2018, the District had \$1,685 invested in COLOTRUST.

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018, follows:

Governmental Type Activities:	Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$4,175,519	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,175,519
Landscape improvements	1,164,163			1,164,163
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,339,682			5,339,682
Government type assets, net	\$5,339,682	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 5,339,682

The District is authorized to operate and maintain District Improvements that are not conveyed to other local governments including, but not limited to, public rights of way, parking decks and landscaping or other amenities of the Project.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 4: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2018, is as follows:

\$4,225,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016A and \$674,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016B

On November 2, 2016, the District issued \$4,225,000 of General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016A ("Series 2016A Bonds"), and \$674,000 of Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016B ("Series 2016B Bonds"), for the purpose of funding and reimbursing a portion of the costs of certain Public Improvements and paying the cost of issuance of the Bonds, and, with respect to the Series 2016A Bonds only, funding the Senior Reserve Fund and funding a portion of interest to accrue on the Series 2016A Bonds. The Series 2016A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.125%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2016. The Series 2016B Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7.5%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2016, to the extent that Pledged Revenue is available. The Series 2016A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, commencing on December 1, 2021, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%.

The Series 2016A Bonds are secured by the Senior Required Mill Levy, the Capital Fees, if any, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Senior Required Mill Levy, and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District. The Series 2016A Bonds are also secured by the Senior Reserve Fund and the Senior Surplus Fund. The Series 2016B Bonds are secured by the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue, if any, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2018:

	Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2018	Current Portion
Series 2016A Bonds	\$4,225,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,225,000	\$ -
Series 2016B Bonds	674,000	-	-	674,000	-
Developer advance Operations	145,222	27,302	-	172,524	-
Developer advance Capital	2,105,636		<u>-</u>	2,105,636	<u>-</u>
Total	\$7,149,858	\$ 27,302	\$ -	\$ 7,177,160	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2016A Bonds.

	I	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$		\$	216 521	\$	216 521
2019	Ф	-	Ф	216,531	Ф	216,531
2020		45,000		216,531		261,531
2021		45,000		214,225		259,225
2022		55,000		211,919		266,919
2023		55,000		209,100		264,100
2023-2027		375,000		996,300		1,371,300
2028-2032		555,000		882,269		1,437,269
2033-2037		800,000		716,988		1,516,988
2038-2042		1,110,000		481,237		1,591,237
2043-2046		1,185,000		140,169		1,325,169
	\$	4,225,000	\$	4,285,269	\$	8,510,269

Because of the uncertainty of the timing of the principal and interest payment on the Series 2016B Bonds, no schedule of principal and interest payments is presented.

Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2006, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in the amount not to exceed \$52,000,000. On November 3, 2015, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in the amount not to exceed \$72,000,000. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$6,000,000. As of December 31, 2018, the District had \$1,101,000 remaining authority under the Service Plan.

Note 5: Other Agreements

2016 Operation Funding Agreement

The District and Century at Marvella, LLC (the "Developer") entered into that certain 2016 Operation Funding Agreement on October 2, 2015, as amended by that certain First Amendment to 2016 Operation Funding Agreement dated November 8, 2016, that certain Second Amendment to the 2016 Operation Funding Agreement dated September 12, 2017, and that certain Third Amendment to the 2016 Operation Funding Agreement dated October 20, 2018 (the "2016 OFA"). Pursuant to the 2016 OFA, the Developer agrees to advance funds to the District for certain operation and maintenance expenses on a periodic basis, as needed, for years 2016 through 2018. The District further agrees to reimburse the Developer in the amount of \$201,954, plus interest, advanced by the previous developer to both the District and District No. 2 under previous funding agreements. The District agrees to repay these advances, pursuant to the priority set therein, together with accrued interest at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Facilities Acquisition Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into that certain Facilities Acquisition Agreement dated October 2, 2015, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Facilities Acquisition Agreement dated October 4, 2016 (collectively, the "FAA"). Pursuant to the FAA, the Developer agrees to make advances, not to exceed \$8,000,000 to the District for the purpose of funding organization expenses and the acquisition of those public improvements constructed by the Developer. The District agrees to repay these advances, together with accrued interest at a rate of eight percent (8%) per annum. The FAA does not constitute debt, but is an annual appropriations agreement intended to be repaid through a future bond issuance.

Intergovernmental Agreement with Southgate Water District

The District and Southgate Water District ("Southgate Water") entered into an intergovernmental agreement dated May 17, 2007, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Intergovernmental Agreement dated October 2, 2015 (collectively, the "Water IGA") whereby Southgate Water agreed to provide water service to residents within the District. The District agrees to construct those certain water improvements contemplated in its Service Plan and transfer the same to Southgate Water for ownership, operation and maintenance.

Intergovernmental Agreement with Southgate Sanitation District

The District and Southgate Sanitation District ("Southgate Sanitation") entered into an intergovernmental agreement dated May 17, 2007 (the "Sanitation IGA"), whereby Southgate Sanitation agreed to provide sanitary sewer services to the residents of the District. The District agrees to construct those certain sanitary sewer improvements contemplated in its Service Plan and transfer the same to Southgate Sanitation for ownership, operation and maintenance.

Resolution Regarding Imposition of Fees for the District Pool

On June 19, 2018, the District adopted Resolution No. 2018-06-01 Amended and Restated Resolution Regarding the imposition of Fees for the District Pool. The resolution outlines the need for a fee for use of the District's pool by those who are not inhabitants and taxpayers of the District. The fee was set at \$3,000 for a single person or family per year effective January 1, 2017.

Note 6: <u>Economic Dependency</u>

The District has not yet established a revenue base sufficient to pay the District's ongoing operational and capital improvements requirements. Until an independent revenue base is established, the continuation of operations and capital improvements in the District will be dependent on funding by the Developer.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 7: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, and November 3, 2015, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 8: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The <u>Government Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and,
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, developer advances payable and accrued interest on bonds and developer advances are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in progress pending transfer to other governmental entities or depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method in the statement of activities; and,
- 3) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue and report interest as expenditures; however, these are reported as changes to long-term liabilities on the government-wide financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

DEVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES	ф. 152.0 5 2	ф. 152.0 7 2	4 152.072	Φ.	
Property taxes	\$ 152,072	\$ 152,072	\$ 152,072	\$ -	
Specific ownership taxes Interest income	10,645	15,350	11,051 6,097	(4,299) 6,097	
interest meeme			0,057		
Total Revenues	162,717	167,422	169,220	1,798	
EXPENDITURES					
Bond interest expense	216,531	216,531	216,531	-	
Paying agent fees	2,500	31,188	5,500	25,688	
Treasurer's fees	2,281	2,281	2,282	(1)	
Total Expenditures	221,312	250,000	224,313	25,687	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(58,595)	(82,578)	(55,093)	27,485	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (to)/from other funds	77				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	77				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(58,518)	(82,578)	(55,093)	27,485	
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	494,879	494,714	494,714	<u> </u>	
END OF YEAR	\$ 436,361	\$ 412,136	\$ 439,621	\$ 27,485	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original <u>Bu</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES				
Interest income	\$		\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues				
EXPENDITURES				
Interest on developer advances		<u>-</u>		
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (to)/from other funds		(77)		77
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(77)		77
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(77)	-	77
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR		77	105	28
END OF YEAR	\$	_	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2018

Prior Year Assessed Valuation

Assessed Valuation Year Ended Valuation for Current Year Property			Mills	Levied	Total Pro	Percent Collected		
December 31,		Tax Levy	Fund	Debt Service	<u>Levied</u>	(Collected	to Levied
2016	\$	17,400	60.000	0.000	\$ 1,044	\$	1,044	100.00%
2017	\$	1,040,069	42.000	50.000	\$ 95,686	\$	95,686	100.00%
2018	\$	2,886,773	44.250	52.679	\$ 279,812	\$	279,812	100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2019	\$	3,642,179	45.380	54.024	\$ 362,047			

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION - UNAUDITED	

TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2018 UNAUDITED

<u>Taxpayer Name</u>	 2018 ssessed	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Private homeowner	\$ 81,360	2.23%
Private homeowner	80,978	2.22%
Private homeowner	79,704	2.19%
Private homeowner	79,531	2.18%
Private homeowner	76,306	2.10%
Century at Marvella , LLC	76,205	2.09%
Century at Marvella , LLC	74,722	2.05%
Private homeowner	73,788	2.03%
Private homeowner	71,496	1.96%
Private homeowner	70,610	1.94%
Total	\$ 764,700	20.99%

NOTE

Assessed Valuations were obtained from the Arapahoe County website.

2018 ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2018 UNAUDITED

	Percent of						
	Assessed <u>Valuation</u>		Assessed <u>Valuation</u>		Actual	Actual	
<u>Class</u>					<u>Valuation</u>	Valuation	
Residential	\$	2,726,114	74.85%		\$ 37,862,683	92.55%	
Vacant		808,255	22.19%		2,787,073	6.81%	
Commercial		72,170	1.98%		248,860	0.61%	
State assessed		35,640	0.98%	_	12,289	0.03%	
Total	\$	3,642,179	100.00%		\$ 40,910,905	100.00%	